

# Global dominated splitting or zero Lyapunov exponent almost everywhere

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This talk is based on joint work with Artur Avila.

Let  $M$  be a compact manifold of dimension at least 2, and let  $m$  be a normalized volume measure. Let  $\text{Diff}_m^1(M)$  be the set of  $C^1$  conservative (i.e.  $m$ -preserving) diffeomorphisms, endowed with the  $C^1$  topology.

It was shown in [BV] that *for a generic  $f$  in  $\text{Diff}_m^1(M)$ , the Oseledets splitting along  $m$ -almost every orbit is either trivial or dominated*. In particular, the manifold  $M$  equals  $Z \sqcup \bigcup_n \Lambda_n \bmod 0$ , where  $Z$  is the set where all Lyapunov exponents are zero, and each  $\Lambda_n$  is a  $f$ -invariant Borel set where the Oseledets splitting is non-trivial and (uniformly) dominated.

This suggests the following question: *Is it true that generically, either all exponents are zero almost everywhere or there is a global dominated splitting? In other words, is it true that either  $Z$  or  $\Lambda_1$  has full measure?* The answer is yes if  $M$  is 2-dimensional, by [B].

We answer a weaker version of the question above, proving that *generically either at almost every point at least one Lyapunov exponent vanishes, or there is a global dominated splitting  $TM = E^{cu} \oplus E^{cs}$* . In fact, in the second alternative, we prove more:

1. the set  $\text{NUH}(f)$  formed by the Lyapunov regular points with no zero exponents is essentially dense in  $M$  (that is, its intersection with every nonempty open set has positive  $m$ -measure).
2. the measure  $m|_{\text{NUH}(f)}$  is ergodic for  $f$ ;
3.  $m$ -almost every point  $x \in \text{NUH}(f)$  has index equal to  $\dim E^{cu}$ ;

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In the proof we use some recent technology, namely, the ergodicity criterion of [RRTU], the denseness of  $C^2$  maps in  $\text{Diff}_m^1(M)$  [Av], and the  $C^1$  dominated version of Pesin theory [ABC].

We also used some new generic properties that are of independent interest, as the *generic continuity of the ergodic decomposition*.

## References

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